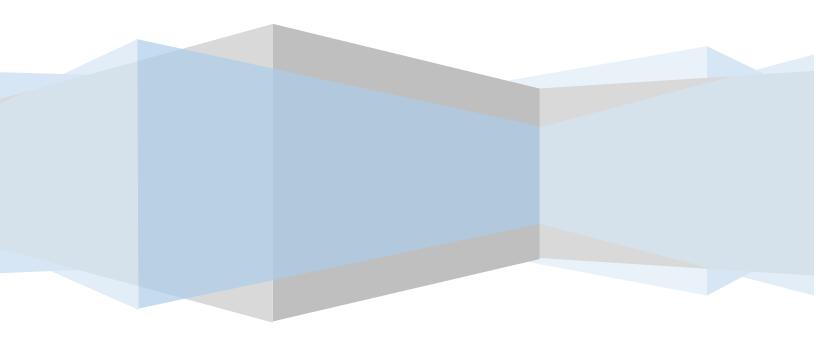
# **POST OPERATIONS ANALYSIS REPORT**

# March, 2021

# CENTRAL COMMAND CENTER, C-ATFM, DELHI





# Contents

Α.	Ex	ecutive Summary4	
L		Comparison of total ATMs (YoY) and Month wise	5
I	I <b>.</b>	Flight Operations – Airline wise	7
В.	A٦	FM Post Operations – CDM Analysis8	
I.		Introduction	8
I	I <b>.</b>	ATFM Measures Overview	9
I	II.	Overall Compliance	10
ľ	v.	CTOT Compliance rate – Airport wise	12
۷	<i>'</i> .	CTOT Compliance rate – Airline wise	13
۷	/I.	Air Delay during the CDM Scenario period	14
C.	Gl	ossary15	



# List of Figures

Figure 1: Percentage Traffic Variation (YoY)	5
Figure 2: Percentage Traffic Variation	
Figure 3: Flight Movements – Airline wise	
Figure 4: ATFM Measures – Mar'21	
Figure 5: Affected Flight Statistics – Mar'21	9
Figure 6: Overall Compliance – Mar'21	
Figure 7: ATFM Compliance-Monthwise	11
Figure 8: Airlines Overall Compliance – Mar'21	
Figure 9: Cumulative Air Delay during CDM period	



## A. Executive Summary

International Commercial scheduled flights continue to remain suspended in India till 1829 UTC of 30<sup>th</sup> April'21(NOTAM G0279/21). However, special international flights have been permitted since May last year under the Vande Bharat Mission and under air bubble arrangements formed with many Countries since July'20. Under a bilateral air bubble arrangement, airlines of the two countries can operate flights between their territories with certain restrictions.

Domestic flight operations resumed on 24<sup>th</sup> May'20 and has shown continous recovery. Experts believe that the goverments's vaccination drive and pragmatic innovations across the the travel industry has contributed in building public confidence in leisure travel.

Total four (4) number of times ATFM measures were applied to resolve Demand Capacity imbalance in March'21. Ground delay measures were applied in Bengaluru to cater to traffic congestion after the Scheduled Runway Maintenance work was completed. The average CTOT Compliance has been 90 percent this month.

# **Traffic Analysis**

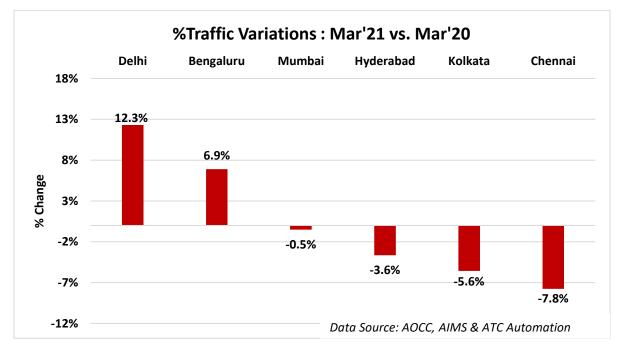
The total Air traffic movement including Passenger and Combination of other flights i.e. All-Cargo flights, International scheduled, International non-scheduled, Domestic scheduled, Domestic non-scheduled, Air taxi & commercial business flights and all other aircraft movements at six major Indian Airports namely Delhi, Mumbai, Bengaluru, Hyderabad, Kolkata and Chennai is plotted for each day of the month of March'21.

The data used is the movement data received from Delhi, Mumbai, Bengaluru and Hyderabad Airport. AIMS (Airport Information Management System) data is used for Kolkata and Chennai Airport. Air Traffic movement is also plotted Airline wise for the month for the major Scheduled Operators.



### I. Comparison of total ATMs (YoY) and Month wise

The graph below depicts the change in total ATMs in the month of Mar'21 in comparison to the total ATMs in Mar'20 for six major Airports in India.



#### Figure 1: Percentage Traffic Variation (YoY)

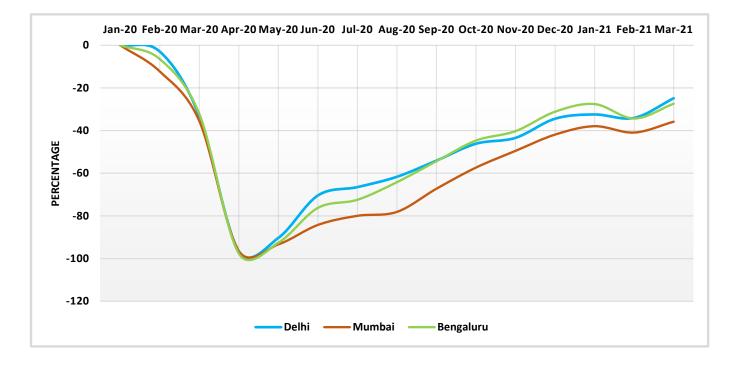
Delhi and Bengaluru Airports are observed to be on a higher pace to recovery, Mumbai is marginally below the March'20 movements baseline whereas Hyderabad, Kolkata and Chennai Airport are still below the March'20 movements baseline.

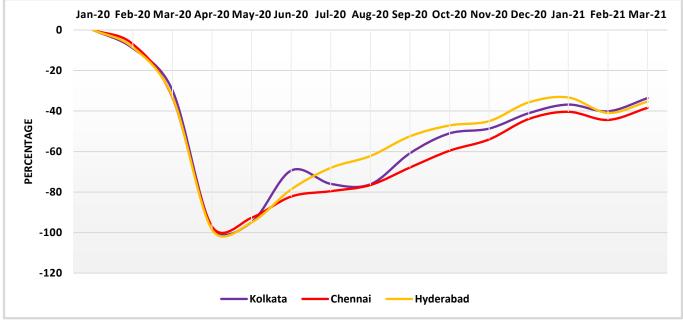
Total	Total ATMs (YoY) for six major airports		
Airports\Year	March'21	March'20	
Delhi	31767	28277	
Bengaluru	15328	14338	
Mumbai	17888	17983	
Hyderabad	10940	11354	
Kolkata	10265	10870	
Chennai	9651	10464	

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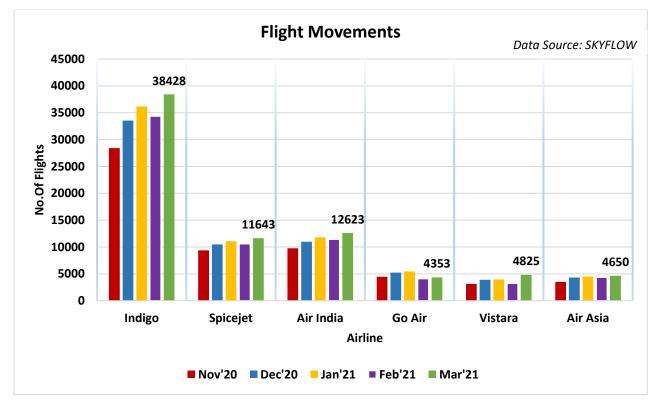
The graphs below depict the percentage change in ATMs month wise taking Jan'20(Pre -Covid) as the reference value for the six metro Airports.





#### Figure 2: Percentage Traffic Variation





## II. Flight Operations – Airline wise

Figure 3: Flight Movements – Airline wise



## B. ATFM Post Operations – CDM Analysis

I. Introduction

Analysis Period  $1^{st} - 31^{st}$  March'21

Back GroundDuring the above mentioned period, ATFM measures were applied four(4) times for<br/>Bengaluru Airport due to the following reasons as illustrated in the bar chart below:-

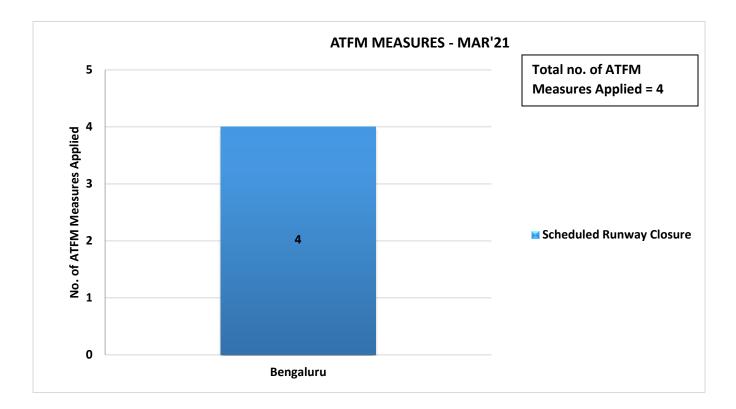


Figure 4: ATFM Measures – Mar'21



### II. ATFM Measures Overview

Bengaluru Airport
4
26 min
45 min
90

Note: \*Average ATFM Delay =  $\frac{Total ATFM Delay}{Total Domestic Arrivals}$ 

Total Arrivals	104
Total International Arrivals(Exempted)	11
Total affected flights in scenario (Domestic Arrivals)	93
Total Domestic Arrivals with zero ATFM delay	0
Total Domestic Arrivals with ATFM delay	93

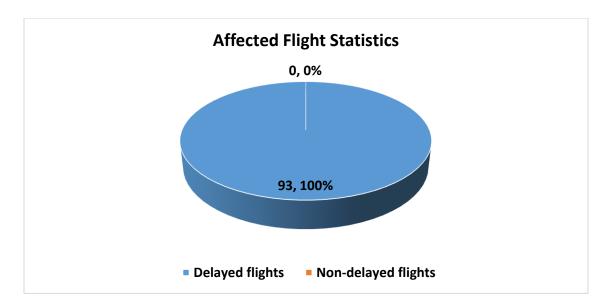


Figure 5: Affected Flight Statistics – Mar'21



## III. Overall Compliance

Domestic arrivals	93
Flights with complete data (ATOT)	92
Flights with incomplete data	0
Flights Not Operated	1
Compliant*	83
Non-Compliant	9

Total No. of Revised CTOTs issued = 2 (Compliance calculation for flights which were issued revised CTOT is w.r.t. new CTOT issued)

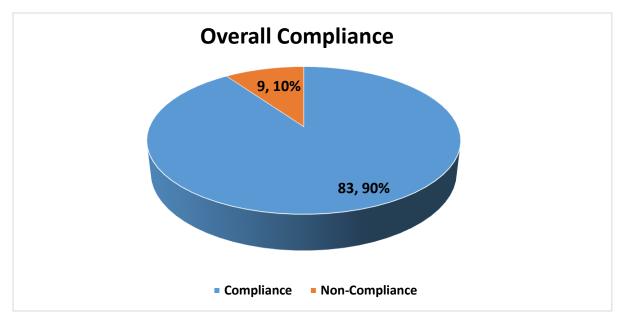


Figure 6: Overall Compliance – Mar'21

NOTE: Flights with required data (i.e. ATOT) are only considered for compliance measurement



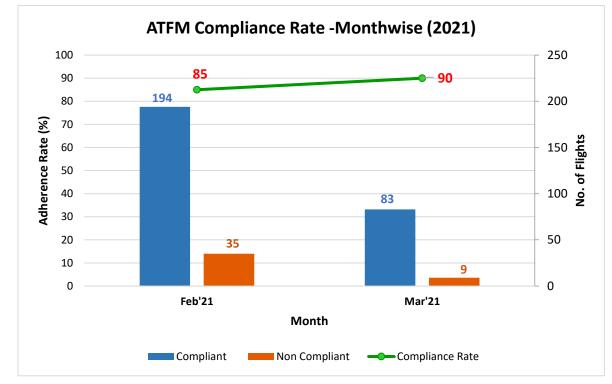


Figure 7: ATFM Compliance-Monthwise

### Inference

- 1. Out of the total arrivals captured for the constrained Airports during the CDM scenario , 89% of flights i.e. Domestic arrivals, are participating.
- 2. Out of these Domestic Arrivals, 100% of arrivals are assigned ATFM ground delay.
- 3. Out of the total arrivals captured to the constrained Airport during the ATFM scenario, 89% of flights are assigned ATFM Ground Delay.



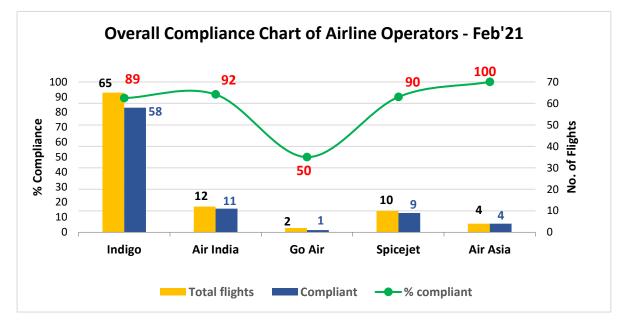
## IV. CTOT Compliance rate – Airport wise

MUMBAI FIR (100%)*	Compliant	Non Compliant	%Compliant
Bhopal	4	0	100
KOLKATA FIR (91%)*			
Kolkata	13	0	100
Guwahati	4	0	100
Allahabad	3	0	100
Jharsuguda	3	1	75
Silchar	2	2	50
Patna	8	0	100
Bagdogra	3	1	75
Varanasi	4	0	100
DELHI FIR			
(79%)*			
Delhi	3	1	75
Jaipur	4	0	100
Lucknow	3	1	75
Chandigarh	1	1	50
CHENNAI FIR (93%)*			
Chennai	4	1	80
Belgaum	4	0	100
Hyderabad	8	0	100
Madurai	4	0	100
Mangalore	1	0	100
Vishakhapatnam	3	1	75
Cochin	4	0	100

\*FIR wise compliance rate



### V. CTOT Compliance rate – Airline wise



#### Figure 8: Airlines Overall Compliance – Mar'21

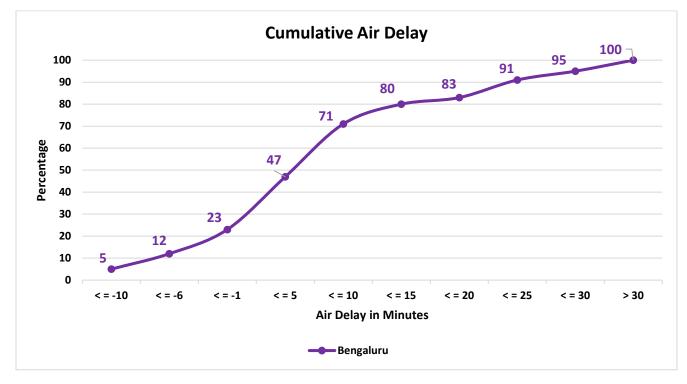
#### Inference

- 1. Out of the total domestic arrivals with complete data in the CDM scenario, 90% arrivals are compliant.
- 2. Mumbai region has the highest compliance rate of 100% whereas Delhi region has the lowest compliance rate of 79%.
- 3. Air India and Air Asia have a compliance rate above the average recorded 90% compliance.



## VI. Air Delay during the CDM Scenario period

#### Average Air Delay to domestic arrivals\* within the CDM Scenario period for Bengaluru is 9 minutes .



\*Note: Only calculated for domestic arrivals with both ATOT and ALDT information

Figure 9: Cumulative Air Delay during CDM period

#### Inference

1. 71% of arriving flights to Bengaluru had an Air delay of equal to or less than 10 minutes during the CDM period.



# C. Glossary

ATFM Parameters	Definition
Affected Flight statistics	An insight of participating traffic in the scenario i.e. ratio of the domestic arrivals to the constrained airport affected by ATFM measures (assigned delay by the Ground Delay Program) to the domestic arrivals not affected by ATFM measures (not assigned any delay) within the CDM scenario.
ATFM Ground delay	ATFM ground delay defined as CTOT-ETOT (Calculated take off time – Estimated take off time)
Average ATFM delay	Total monthly ATFM delay (in minutes) Total Domestic Arrivals
Maximum ATFM delay	Maximum ATFM delay (in minutes) assigned in the month
Overall compliance rate	Defined as monthly ATFM departure slot adherence rate of regulated flights. Flights having ATOT within the ATFM Slot Tolerance Window (STW) of minus 5 to plus 10 minutes of CTOTs, are considered as compliant flights
CTOT Compliance rate of Airline operators	An overview of CTOT compliance rate of various Airline operators
CTOT Compliance rate of Airports within different Regions	An overview of CTOT compliance rate of Airports within 4 FIRs
Air delay statistics	Air delay defined as difference between AET & EET, where AET(actual elapsed time) can be obtained from (ALDT-ATOT) and estimated elapsed time(EET)can be obtained from FPL/RPL or (CLDT-CTOT). <b>Therefore, Air delay = AET-EET</b> Average Air Delay is calculated as: $\frac{Average Air Delay}{Total Air Delay to domestic arrivals (with values greater than zero)}{Total Domestic Arrivals}$ CLDT: Calculated Landing Time CTOT: Calculated Take off Time ALDT: Actual Landing Time ATOT: Actual Take off Time